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dip Corporation

Representative: Hideki Tomita,

Representative Director, President and CEO (Chief Executive Officer)

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Stock code: 2379

<https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/>

Corporate governance at dip Corporation is as follows:

## I. Basic Approach to Corporate Governance and Capital Structure, Corporate Attributes and Other Basic Information

### 1. Basic Approach **[Update]**

Through the provision of human resource services and DX services, and by working to solve various problems in the labor market, dip aims to realize a society in which everyone can experience the joy and happiness of work, based on a vision of becoming a “Labor force solution company” under the corporate philosophy of “tapping into dreams, ideas and passion to create a better society.”

Ensuring effective corporate governance is essential to realizing this vision. Under an appropriate corporate governance system, we aim to increase medium and long-term corporate value while fulfilling our responsibilities to all stakeholders by enhancing management transparency and conducting efficient corporate operations.

dip has transitioned from a company with an Audit & Supervisory Board to a company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee with the resolution of the 26th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on May 24, 2023. Its aim is to strengthen the auditing and supervision of executive directors and further enhance its system of corporate governance by making Audit & Supervisory Committee members, who are responsible for auditing the execution of duties by board directors, members of the Board of Directors.

#### (1) Board of Directors

The Board of Directors, which is the management decision-making organ, consists of eight directors who possess a high degree of expertise and broad knowledge based on extensive experience. Board meetings are held on a monthly basis, in principle, and extraordinary Board meetings are held when needed to discuss and decide important management matters. Furthermore, based on the basic policy of having approximately two-thirds of the Board of Directors be independent outside directors and aiming for half of the directors to be female, six of the eight directors are outside directors. By having

outside directors who are independent of the management team and controlling shareholders account for approximately two-thirds of the Board of Directors, we seek to strengthen its supervisory function over management.

Chairperson: Hideki Tomita, Representative Director, President and CEO

Board members: Outside Directors; Kuniyoshi Mabuchi, Kanae Takeuchi, and Naoto Oohitsu, Director, Full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Member; Kazuhisa Iwata, Outside Director Audit & Supervisory Committee Members; Eriko Tanabe, Misae Maruyama and Tomohiro Takagi

### (2) Audit & Supervisory Committee

The Audit & Supervisory Committee consists of four members with a high level of expertise and a wide range of knowledge, three of whom are Outside Directors in addition to their roles on the Audit & Supervisory Committee. Committee meetings are held on a monthly basis, in principle, and extraordinary Committee meetings are held when needed. The Audit & Supervisory Committee discusses matters stipulated by law and the Articles of Incorporation, conducts significant audit operations in accordance with the audit policy set forth by the Committee and strives to enhance the system for audit and supervision. Board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members attend important meetings, such as Board meetings, to audit the legality and supervise the adequacy of board directors' execution of duties.

Chairperson: Kazuhisa Iwata, Director and Full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Board Member

Committee members: Eriko Tanabe, Misae Maruyama and Tomohiro Takagi, Outside Director Audit & Supervisory Committee Members

### (3) Voluntary Nomination and Compensation Committee

The Nomination and Compensation Committee, a voluntary advisory body to the Board of Directors, deliberates and reports on matters related to director nominations and compensation in response to inquiries from the Board of Directors.

The Committee comprises the representative director, president and CEO and independent outside board directors. The latter must account for a majority of the Committee members, and the Committee must be chaired by an independent outside board director.

Chairperson: Kuniyoshi Mabuchi, Independent Outside Director

Committee members: Hideki Tomita, Representative Director, President and CEO; Kanae Takeuchi and Naoto Oohitsu, Independent Outside Directors; and Eriko

Tanabe, Misae Maruyama, and Tomohiro Takagi, Independent Outside Director Audit & Supervisory Committee Members

#### (4) Corporate Officers Meeting

dip has introduced a corporate officer system to expedite decision-making and ensure smooth execution and has established the Corporate Officers Meeting, which primarily comprises Representative Director, Director, Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member, and corporate officers. The Corporate Officers Meeting is held every week, in principle, to share information and discuss key matters.

dip is determined to continue its efforts to pursue healthy and transparent corporate management and further improve and enhance its corporate governance in the future.

#### [Reason for Non-compliance with the Principles of Japan's Corporate Governance Code]

dip complies with all principles (including those for the Prime Market) of Japan's Corporate Governance Code that was revised in June 2021.

#### [Disclosure Based on the Principles of Japan's Corporate Governance Code]

The following statements are based on the Corporate Governance Code that was revised in June 2021.

##### **[Principle 1.4 (Cross-Shareholdings)]**

dip does not have cross-shareholdings with listed companies simply for the objective of deepening business relationships.

dip holds two investment shares for other than pure investment purposes. dip verifies the appropriateness of its holdings by regularly reporting on the performance and future prospects of each stock held by the Company at meetings of the Board of Directors and other meetings.

##### **[Principle 1.7 (Related Party Transactions)]**

When dip enters into a related party transaction with an officer or a major shareholder, etc., a prior report to the Board of Directors is made, and approval from the Board of Directors must be obtained in accordance with the "Related Party Transaction Guidelines" established by the Board of Directors. When approving such transactions, the Board of Directors compares the terms and conditions of the transaction with those of general transactions, etc., to prevent its deliberations from becoming arbitrary and ensure that the transaction is not unfavorable to the Company.

Individuals who conduct such transactions must report the details to the Audit & Supervisory

Committee to receive an audit on the legality of the transaction.

Furthermore, dip requires its board directors to submit a “Confirmation on Related Party Transactions” on a quarterly basis to ensure the effectiveness of the above Guidelines.

When dip enters into a transaction involving a conflict of interest with an officer or a company for which an officer serves as a representative director, prior approval from both the Board of Directors the Audit & Supervisory Committee must be obtained in accordance with the Companies Act and the Board of Director Regulations.

**[Supplementary Principle 2.4.1 (Ensuring Diversity in Appointing Key Personnel)] [Update]**

dip appoints personnel based on their capabilities and performance, irrespective of their gender or nationality. We believe that it is important to respect diverse viewpoints and values in order to realize medium and long-term increase in corporate value, and we actively recruit human resources with different experiences and skills while creating a workplace environment that facilitates their activities.

In addition, we welcome many new graduates every year, placing great importance on their development, and giving them opportunities to play an active role regardless of gender. Consequently, as of February 2026, the percentage of women in management positions is 42.1% for employees promoted from new graduates to management positions, and 36.4% overall, including mid-career hires. Going forward, we will continue to set important management indicators for promoting the activities of female managers, such as employee satisfaction regarding the working style of female managers, with the goal of first increasing the ratio of women among employees promoted from new graduates to managers to 50%.

We are also actively promoting mid-career hires to management positions, and as of February 2026, mid-career hires accounted for 41.7% of all management positions. We will continue to create an environment in which all employees, regardless of whether they are new graduates or mid-career hires, can play an active role.

We will also be more proactive in promoting foreign nationals to management positions.

Given the decrease in the working-age population associated with an aging population and a declining birth rate, as well as increasing diversity in terms of the need for workers to balance their childcare/nursing care responsibilities with their work, it has become important in recent years for corporations to create working environments that are able to accommodate diverse working styles. Efforts are underway at dip to promote work style reforms, including the achievement of work-life balance and diversity at work, with the aim of enabling employees to work flexibly according to their lifestyles and establishing a work environment in which every employee can demonstrate their job performance to the fullest. The status of our efforts in these areas is posted on our corporate website at the following URL.

(Promotion of Work Style Reforms and Diversity at Work)

<https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/esg/society/S004>

### **[Principle 2.6 (Roles of Corporate Pension Funds as Asset Owners)]**

dip has not introduced a corporate pension plan. Note that dip has introduced a defined contribution pension plan to ensure stable asset formation for its employees, and provides employees with education and training, such as internal seminars on asset formation and investment management.

### **[Principle 3.1 (Full Disclosure)] [Update]**

dip actively discloses information, recognizing the disclosure of useful information for shareholders and other stakeholders as an important managerial issue.

(1) Through the provision of human resource services and DX services, and by working to solve various problems in the labor market based on a vision of becoming a “Labor force solution company,” dip aims to realize a society in which everyone can experience the joy and happiness of work. Under a corporate philosophy of “tapping into dreams, ideas and passion to create a better society,” dip will strive to realize a sustainable society through its business activities.

Please refer to the following link for dip’s philosophy.

< Philosophy >

<https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/company/philosophy>

(2) Please see “1. Basic Approach” above for dip’s basic approach and basic policy on corporate governance.

(3) Specific details of the policies and procedures for the Board of Directors to determine the remuneration of senior management and directors are disclosed in the Notice of Convocation of the General Meeting of Shareholders and the Annual Securities Report.

(4) The appointment of board directors and Audit & Supervisory Committee members is decided by a resolution of the general meeting of shareholders in response to a proposal of candidates nominated by a resolution of the Board of Directors after the Representative Director, President and Chief Executive Officer (CEO) or another board director refers the candidates to the Board of Directors following confirmation that the candidates meet the basic policy for appointment as stated below.

The nomination of board director candidates takes into account the opinions of the Nomination and Compensation Committee, a voluntary advisory body to the Board of Directors where independent outside board directors account for a majority of the members.

Proposals on the appointment of Audit & Supervisory Committee members are submitted to the general meeting of shareholders after obtaining the consent of the Committee.

The Board of Directors decides the candidates after considering the appropriate balance of the diverse knowledge and experience expected of such board directors and Audit & Supervisory Committee members. It aims to have outside board directors account for approximately two-thirds of the Board of Directors.

The basic policy for appointment is as stated below.

**<Executive directors and outside board directors (excluding those who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members) >**

dip's basic policy for appointing executive directors requires the candidates to, among others, possess the broad knowledge and experience necessary for making corporate managerial decisions.

dip's basic policy for appointing outside board directors requires the candidates to be able to oversee and supervise business management of the Company through important decision-making at the Board of Directors meetings, oversee whether there is any conflict of interest between the Company, management and controlling shareholders, and actively make recommendations concerning management policies and management improvements in order to advance medium/long-term corporate value. As of May 21, 2026, Mr. Kuniyoshi Mabuchi, Ms. Kanae Takeuchi, and Mr. Naoto Oohitsu were appointed as outside board directors (excluding board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members).

The dismissal of board directors (excluding those who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members) is decided by a resolution of the general meeting of shareholders after the Board of Directors passes a resolution on the candidate for dismissal following timely and appropriate deliberation in light of the basic policies on the appointment of executive directors and outside board directors.

**<Board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members>**

With the aim of reinforcing audit and supervisory functions, dip's basic policy for appointing board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members is to appoint individuals with experience in corporate management, individuals with knowledge and experience in corporate finance, accounting and legal affairs as a certified public accountant, those who are practicing tax accountants or lawyers, or individuals with considerable knowledge and experience in risk management. As of May 21, 2026, Ms. Eriko Tanabe, Ms. Misae Maruyama, and Mr. Tomohiro Takagi have been appointed as outside board director Audit & Supervisory Committee members.

The dismissal of board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members is decided by a

resolution of the general meeting of shareholders after the candidate for dismissal is decided by a resolution of the Board of Directors following its timely and appropriate deliberation in view of the basic policies on the appointment of board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members.

(5) The reasons for the appointment of board directors (excluding those who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members) and board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members are disclosed in the Notice of Convocation of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders and in the Securities Reports, among others.

### **[Supplementary Principle 3.1.3 (Initiatives on Sustainability)] [Update]**

<Initiatives on Sustainability>

Since our founding, we have been contributing to society by solving social issues through our business activities under our corporate philosophy of “tapping into dreams, ideas and passion to create a better society.” In addition to our efforts to improve social issues related to employment in general, whether fixed term or permanent, and labor productivity, we will work to develop human resources, promote the advancement of women in the workplace, protect human rights, ensure DEI (diversity, equity, and inclusion), and address climate change to achieve continuous growth and advance corporate value further. By doing so, we will contribute to solving social issues and realize a sustainable society.

Since 2019, we have proactively disclosed information on our activities concerning ESG (environment, society and governance). As a result, dip has been included in FTSE Blossom Japan Index, a stock index composed of Japanese companies that meet global ESG standards.

In March 2022, dip was included in the FTSE Blossom Japan Sector Relative Index, a new index created by FTSE Russell to evaluate companies’ environmental impact and initiatives to promote the transition to a decarbonized economy and address climate change. In June 2022, dip was selected as a constituent of MSCI Japan ESG Select Leaders Index, a major ESG index, and MSCI Japan Empowering Women Index (WIN) for the first time. In addition, it has been selected for the Morningstar Japan Equity Gender Diversity Tilt Index (excluding REITs) and has been selected for all six ESG investment indices used by GPIF (Government Pension Investment Fund) for investment management.

For further details on dip’s approach and initiatives on sustainability, please refer to our corporate website (<https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/esg/>), Integrated Report, and Securities Report (available in Japanese only).

<Initiatives Concerning Human Capital>

dip considers managing the health of its employees as an important theme that has a direct effect

on work productivity and the well-being of employees. It is aimed not only at “preventing illness” but also at “becoming happier and more vigorous.” With this in mind, dip promotes health and productivity management based on a concept of “conditioning the mind and body.” dip has assigned the Representative Director, President and CEO as the health and productivity manager and the CHO as the health and productivity promotion manager, and established the Health and Productivity Promotion Committee under their direct control. The details of the discussions by the Committee are reported to the Board of Directors and the Management Meeting on a regular basis. With the aim of enabling its health and productivity management to reflect the opinions of its employees, dip has also appointed a Health and Productivity Management Promotion Leader from each office as members of the Committee.

For further details on dip’s approach and initiatives on human capital, please refer to our corporate website (<https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/esg/society/S003>), Integrated Report, and Securities Report (available in Japanese only).

<Disclosure Based on the TCFD Framework>

dip has expressed its support for the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD). Based on the recommendations of the TCFD, dip will analyze the risks and opportunities to its business posed by climate change, reflect them in its management strategies, disclose information from the four perspectives of governance, strategy, risk management, and indicators, and further strengthen and promote its environmental initiatives. dip will also promote dialogue with its stakeholders and contribute to the creation of a sustainable society.

For further details on dip’s TCFD initiatives, please refer to our corporate website (<https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/esg/environment/E004>), Integrated Report, and Securities Report (available in Japanese only).

### **[Supplementary Principle 4.1.1 (Matters for Resolution by the Board and Scope of Delegation)]**

dip specifies in its Board of Director Regulations which matters must be decided by a resolution of the Board of Directors. Specifically, they include matters concerning the general meeting of shareholders, results, board directors, shares and bonds, basic management policies, human resources and the organization, assets and funds, subsidiaries, and other matters stipulated by law such as the Companies Act or any equivalent matters.

Following its transition to a company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee on May 24, 2023, dip has reviewed its scope of delegating authority over business execution to executive directors to establish a system that expedites decision-making and facilitates business execution by the executive directors. dip will continue to improve its business execution system by revising which matters should be delegated and the scope of delegation in accordance with the scale, importance and risks of the

transaction.

### **[Principle 4.9 (Independence Standards and Qualification for Independent Outside Board Directors)]**

To ensure that supervision and advice are appropriately provided by independent outside board directors, dip has established Standards on Independence of Outside Officers and nominates candidates for independent outside board directors who are not only independent but also possess the expertise and experience in business strategy to enable them to actively offer frank and constructive recommendations at Board of Directors meetings.

The Standards on Independence of Outside Officers are disclosed in this Corporate Governance Report.

### **[Supplementary Principle 4.10.1 (Independence of Composition, Authority, Roles, etc. of Nomination and Compensation Committee)]**

In order to strengthen the independence, objectivity and accountability of the Board of Directors' functions, the Company has established the Nominating and Compensation Committee, which is an independent, voluntary advisory body to the Board of Directors, comprising independent outside directors in the majority. Entrusted by the Board of Directors, the Committee determines individual director compensation (excluding that for board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members) and also deliberates and reports on matters related to director candidate nominations and director compensation in response to inquiries from the Board of Directors.

### **[Supplementary Principle 4.11.1 (Preconditions for Board Effectiveness)]**

Based on a deliberation concerning the diversity and appropriate size of the Board of Directors, dip's Board of Directors consists of executive directors, who have deep knowledge of dip's business and operations and can conduct agile business execution, outside board directors (excluding board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members), who can be expected to provide appropriate advice and supervision concerning business management of the Company based on a high level of expertise as well as a breadth of knowledge and experience, and board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members, who can perform appropriate audits and supervision of the execution of duties by executive directors based on a high level of expertise as well as a breadth of knowledge and experience.

The Board of Directors has a basic policy of ensuring that candidates are selected after careful consideration to ensure that a suitable balance of people with diverse knowledge and experience are appointed, and aims to have the ratio of independent outside directors on the Board of Directors be approximately two-thirds, with half of the members being female.

The basic policy for appointing executive directors requires the candidates to, among others, possess the broad knowledge and experience necessary for making corporate managerial decisions.

The basic policy for appointing independent outside board directors is to appoint individuals who can fulfill management oversight and supervisory functions through important decision-making at Board of Directors meetings as well as oversee any conflict of interest between the Company and its management and controlling shareholders, and actively make recommendations concerning management policies and management improvements to enhance medium/long-term corporate value.

The basic policy for appointing board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members is to appoint individuals with experience in corporate management, individuals with knowledge and experience in corporate finance, accounting, and legal affairs as a certified public accountant, those who are practicing tax accountants or attorneys, and individuals with considerable knowledge and experience in risk management, in order to reinforce audit and supervisory of executive directors' execution of duties.

dip's Board of Directors is well balanced and diverse in terms of knowledge, experience and capabilities as a result of appointing individuals with diverse and extensive experience as directors. We will strive to ensure that the Board functions effectively and efficiently by promoting in-depth examinations and swift decision-making through active discussions.

The skill matrix of the Board of Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Committee is disclosed in the Notice of Convocation of Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, in the Securities Report (available in Japanese only), and on the final page of this Corporate Governance Report.

### **[Supplementary Principle 4.11.2 (Concurrent Positions of Outside Officers)] [Update]**

Outside Director Mr. Kuniyoshi Mabuchi concurrently serves as outside board director who is an Audit & Supervisory Committee member of a listed company. Outside Director Ms. Kanae Takeuchi concurrently serves as an outside board director of one listed company. Outside Director, Naoto Oohitsu, concurrently serves as an outside board director and managing director of two listed companies. We believe those are reasonable number of listed companies at which to concurrently serve as officers. Each of them is vigorously engaged in their duties at the Company, such as actively making recommendations on the Company's business and operations at the Board of Directors meetings and the Nomination and Compensation Committee.

Ms. Eriko Tanabe, an Outside Director serving as a member of the audit and supervisory committee, concurrently serves as outside director at one other listed company. Ms. Misae Maruyama, an Outside Director serving as a member of the audit and supervisory committee, concurrently serves as outside full-time corporate auditor and outside director at two other listed companies. Mr. Tomohiro Takagi, an

Outside Director, does not hold any other executive positions at other listed companies. We believe those are reasonable number of listed companies at which to concurrently serve as officers.

The positions at other listed companies held concurrently by dip's board directors (excluding those who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members) and board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members as officers, are stated in the Notice of Convocation of Annual General Meeting of Shareholders and in the Securities Reports (available in Japanese only).

### **[Supplementary Principle 4.11.3 (Evaluation of Board Effectiveness)]**

The Company conducts an annual evaluation of its Board of Directors with the objective of further enhancing its effectiveness. Questionnaires are distributed to all directors, including Audit and Supervisory Committee members, followed by individual interviews to gather opinions on the Board's operations and issues. Based on these results, we analyze the current challenges and implement improvement measures in the Board's operations to enhance its effectiveness. The main initiatives for the fiscal year ending February 2025 and the policy for initiatives for the fiscal year ending February 2026 are as follows.

#### <Major Initiatives for the Fiscal Year Ended February 2025>

- (1) Strengthened monitoring of the medium-term management plan and single-year budgets  
Regarding the single-year budget, progress was checked monthly, and the need for revisions was discussed quarterly. For the medium-term management plan, we discussed the progress of monetization for services that received upfront investment and revised the numerical targets. Additionally, new services and projects were reviewed in light of external and internal environments, clarifying the management direction by ensuring optimal allocation of management resources.
- (2) Enhanced discussions on human capital  
Aiming to achieve "No. 1 in Employee Happiness," we deepened discussions from diverse perspectives, including work-life balance and motivation. Specifically, we examined plans for developing female managers and reviewed human capital-related KPIs. By integrally promoting human capital management and sustainability initiatives, the Board strengthened the foundation for sustainable value creation.
- (3) Strengthened risk management and BCP systems  
In terms of risk management, we reviewed the risk map to respond to changes in the business environment and examined risks inherent in new businesses. Going forward, we plan to

collaborate with the legal and security departments to advance information security measures and review the scope of insurance coverage. Furthermore, in preparation for emergencies such as disasters, we formulated an all-hazards BCP (Business Continuity Plan) and, with the objective of ensuring a rapid and appropriate initial response in the event of an earthquake, developed an initial response manual and conducted practical drills. Through these efforts, we enhanced our ability to ensure business continuity.

#### (4) Invigoration of Board discussions

We regularly convened Director roundtables and Outside Director meetings to create opportunities for open and candid exchanges. This deepened collaboration among Directors and among Outside Officers, further promoting discussion on management issues from diverse perspectives.

#### <Policy for Initiatives for the Fiscal Year Ending February 2026>

##### (1) Expansion of discussions on medium- to long-term strategy

To foster mid-to-long-term value creation and sustainable business growth, we will further deepen discussions on management strategy. In addition to regular progress monitoring, we will commence deliberations toward the formulation of the next medium-term management plan. We will also continue to discuss specific themes, such as achieving "No. 1 in Employee Happiness," developing female managers, and information security, thereby further strengthening the Board's supervisory functions.

##### (2) Strengthening Board Discussions

We will deepen Board discussions based on insights into changes in the external environment and the Company's internal situation. In addition to specialized lectures regarding the Company's business, we will expand opportunities for Directors to directly hear from the front lines by establishing forums for dialogue between Directors and employees. Through these initiatives, we will enhance the quality of discussions by incorporating diverse perspectives and support decision-making that is grounded in the actual circumstances.

##### (3) Optimization of Board composition and enhancement of supervisory functions

To further advance our corporate governance structure, we will review the optimal composition of internal and external Directors and revise the operational policies of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. Furthermore, we will enhance the visualization of management risks by enriching the content of internal audit reports.

### (4) Improvement of Board operations

In the fiscal year ending February 2026, we are building on the initiatives implemented in the previous year to invigorate discussions and are focusing on improving operational processes. In addition to enhancing materials, reporting systems, and progress management mechanisms, we explored ways to broaden opportunities for participation. We are also making Board meetings a more efficient and constructive forum for discussion by incorporating questions and opinions raised in advance briefings.

### **[Supplementary Principle 4.14.2 (Disclosure of Training Policy for Directors)]**

dip provides its board directors with the opportunity to participate in internal training programs offered by dip as well as external seminars on corporate governance. In the internal training sessions, board directors strive to acquire and enhance their knowledge to enable continuous growth at dip through lectures by experts and discussions on themes that could become medium/long-term issues.

Outside board directors also strive to acquire and enhance their knowledge by conducting meetings with corporate officers and discussing business strategies and service development.

dip assists board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members in joining the Japan Audit & Supervisory Board Members Association so that they can enhance their expertise and better enable them to perform the roles and functions required of their position by obtaining the latest information provided by the Association.

### **[Principle 5.1 (Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders and Investors)]**

#### 〈Basic Philosophy〉

We recognize that two-way communication with our shareholders and investors, who are valued stakeholders, is essential for our sustainable growth and for the enhancement of corporate value over the medium to long term.

Based on this belief, we will strive to deepen the understanding of our shareholders and investors and build long-term relationships of trust by proactively disclosing information regarding management strategies and the business environment on our corporate website and by enhancing constructive dialogue.

#### <Communication between Shareholders and Interlocutor>

The Company's management (Representative Director, President and CEO, Executive Corporate Officer, CFO Head of Corporate Management Group) will oversee all aspects of our communication with shareholders and other stakeholders and will strive to realize constructive dialogue.

In addition, based on the wishes of shareholders and investors, other members of the management

team (outside directors, corporate officers, etc.) and the general manager of the Investor Relations Division, will respond to requests and address the main concerns that arise from meetings.

< Specific initiatives for constructive dialogue with shareholders >

(1) Organic cooperation with internal divisions to support dialogue

When engaging in constructive dialogue with shareholders and investors, the division in charge of investor relations will assist the interlocutor in cooperation with other divisions to provide accurate information based on the interests of shareholders and investors.

In order to promote smooth dialogue with shareholders and others, the division in charge of investor relations will hold regular meetings to collaborate and share information.

(2) Efforts to Enhance Means of Dialogue

In addition to the General Meeting of Shareholders and individual meetings, we hold financial results briefings and small meetings to explain our business status and strategies to our shareholders and investors.

Furthermore, we are working to promote dialogue by actively disclosing information on our corporate website and enhancing Integrated Reports.

(3) Internal Feedback Regarding the Content of Dialogue

Opinions, requests, concerns, etc. from shareholders and investors obtained through dialogue are compiled by the Investor Relations Division and reported quarterly to internal stakeholders, including management, at meetings of the Board of Directors, Corporate Officers Meeting, and other management meetings. Matters of high importance or those requiring a prompt response are reported to the CEO and other members of the management team on a case-by-case basis, without waiting for quarterly reporting opportunities, and are addressed as appropriate.

(4) Management of Insider Information

When engaging in dialogue, we will comply with the separately stipulated "Rules for Management of Inside Information and Insider Trading" and thoroughly manage insider information in accordance with the "IR Policy".

Details on Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders and Investors our corporate website

(<https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/ir/management-policy/governance>)

**【Principle 5-2 (Formulate and publish management strategies and plan)】**

< Measures to realize management that is conscious of capital costs and stock prices > Disclosed in English

In order to enhance corporate and shareholder value, we have established financial targets and cash allocation as financial strategies in our mid-term management plan "dip30th".

(1) Financial Strategy - Increase corporate and shareholder value by maximizing the equity spread.

To increase corporate and shareholder value, it is extremely important to continue to generate a return on the capital entrusted to us by our shareholders that exceeds the cost of shareholders' equity. Therefore, we aim to maximize the equity spread by improving ROE and reducing the cost of principal capital.

Prior to the pandemic ROE stood at 36.0% but declined to 2.0% in the fiscal year ending February 28, 2021 due to the various impacts of the pandemic. The ROE is expected to increase to 23.4% by fiscal year end February 29, 2024, due to a stabilization of the situation as the pandemic subsides, an increase in the market share of our media services, and improved profits resulting from high growth in the DX business. For the fiscal year ending February 2027, we aim to achieve an ROE target of 30%. Although our ROE is already well above both the average of 9.24% (FY2022) for TSE Prime listed companies and our cost of equity of approximately 10-11%, we have set our ROE target for the final year of the medium-term management plan (ending February 28, 2027) at 30% in order to maximize our equity spread and further increase corporate and shareholder value. While aiming for profit growth to achieve the operating income target for the fiscal year ending February 28, 2027 (as published in the "dip30th" mid-term management plan), we aim to achieve the ROE target by improving capital efficiency through balance sheet management efforts based on the following cash allocation policy.

(2) Cash Allocation

(Fundamental Policy)

Cash allocation will be focused on investment in growth and shareholder returns.

(Growth Investment)

- Investment for growth of existing businesses and creation of new businesses
- Investment in research and development related to AI and other advanced technologies and their use in business
- Investment to accelerate business growth, M&A etc.

(Shareholder Returns)

- In principle, the dividend amount for the previous fiscal year is set as the lower limit, and the dividend payout ratio is maintained at 50%. Dividends are paid twice a year.
- Aim for a total return ratio of 65%.

- Consider additional shareholder return measures, taking into account cash position and other BS conditions, prospects for achieving financial targets, stock price level, and other factors.

- The management of funds necessary for business operations is called Maximum Cash\*, and in principle, excessive cash and deposits beyond that limit are not held. However, we do not make decisions based on a single fiscal year, but carefully assess medium term investment opportunities, and if there are excess cash and deposits, we return them to shareholders.

- In a situation where it may be difficult to achieve the medium-term profit target, we will consider additional shareholder returns to bring ROE closer to the target, taking into account the BS situation, stock price level, and other factors.

\*Maximum Cash Policy - 'The sum of three months' worth of payments, plus tax and dividend payments for the period.'

Initiatives to reduce the cost of shareholders' equity are as follows.

- ① Build a business portfolio that is less susceptible to economic fluctuations
- ② Promote ESG-related initiatives
- ③ Strengthen engagement with stakeholders through IR activities
- ④ Implement a decision-making process for investment based on hurdle rates
- ⑤ Introduce a business management system using ROIC for each business

Details of the "Formulation and Publication of Management Strategies and Management Plans" are posted on the Company's website at the links below.

〈Mid-term Management Plan〉 <https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/ir/G006>

〈Integrated Report〉 <https://www.dip-net.co.jp/ir/G007> (Japanese only)

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

### 2. Capital Structure

Percentage of shares held by foreign investors	20% or more but less than 30%
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[Major Shareholders] **[Update]**

Name	Number of shares held	Percentage
Authenticity Co. Ltd.	20,340,000	37.44
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust account)	4,438,300	8.17
STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY 505301	2,964,761	5.46
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Stock Grant ESOP Trust Account 75525)	1,891,565	3.48
STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY 505025	1,107,973	2.04
The Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd.	1,035,600	1.91
THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON 140044	561,943	1.03
STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY 505044	550,798	1.01
BNP PARIBAS LUXEMBOURG/2S/JASDEC/FIM/LUXEMBOURG FUNDS/UCITS ASSETS	540,000	0.99
INTERACTIVE BROKERS LLC	361,647	0.67

Name of controlling shareholder (excluding parent company)	—
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Existence of parent company	None
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#### Supplementary Information

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In addition to the above, there are 5,811,163 shares of treasury stock held by the Company. Treasury stock has been deducted from the calculation of the percentage of shares held indicated under "Major Shareholders."</li> <li>5,811,163 shares of treasury stock do not include 1,965,382 dip shares held by the Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (1,891,565 shares held in the ESOP trust account and 73,817 shares held in the BIP trust account).</li> </ol>
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## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

3. Authenticity Co. Ltd. is an asset management company of Hideki Tomita, Representative Director, President and CEO.
4. In the amended large shareholding report made available for public inspection as of May 20, 2025, it is stated that Wellington Management Company LLP and one of its joint holders held the following number of shares as of May 15, 2025. However, as we are unable to confirm the number of shares beneficially owned as of February 28, 2026, from our side, they are not included in the list of major shareholders above.

The details of the aforementioned amended large shareholding report are as follows:

Name or Designation	Address	Number of shares held (shares)	Percentage of shares held (%)
Wellington Management Company LLP	280 Congress Street, Boston, MA 02210, United States	1,459,150	2.43
Wellington Management Japan Pte Ltd	7th Floor, Palace Building, 1-1-1 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan	2,720,648	4.51

5. Although the large shareholding report (amendment report) dated July 23, 2025, which was made available for public inspection, stated that M&G Investment Management Limited and one (1) joint holder held the following shares as of July 15, 2025, the Company is unable to confirm the actual number of shares held by them as of February 28, 2026. Therefore, they are not included in the "Status of Major Shareholders" above.

The details of the large shareholding report (amendment report) are as follows:

Name or Designation	Address	Number of shares held (shares)	Percentage of shares held (%)
M&G Investment Management Limited	10 Fenchurch Avenue, London, EC3M 5AG, United Kingdom	5,717,900	9.51
M&G Investment Singapore Pte. Ltd.	#35-01 CapitaGreen, 138 Market Street, Singapore 048946		

### 3. Corporate Attributes

Stock exchange and section	Prime Market
Fiscal year-end	February

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Industry	Services
Number of employees at the end of the previous fiscal year (consolidated)	More than 1,000
Net sales during the previous fiscal year (consolidated)	More than ¥10 billion but less than ¥100 billion
Number of consolidated subsidiaries at the end of the previous fiscal year	Less than 10

#### 4. Guidelines for Measures to Protect Minority Shareholders When Conducting Transactions with Controlling Shareholder

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#### 5. Other Particular Conditions That May Materially Affect Corporate Governance

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### II. Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems concerning Management Decision-Making, Execution and Supervision

#### 1. Matters related to Organization Structures and Organizational Operations

Organizational form	Company with Audit & Supervisory Committee
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[Board Directors] **[Update]**

Number of board directors in Articles of Incorporation	Board directors (excluding those who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members): 11 Board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members: 5
Term of office for board directors in Articles of Incorporation	Board directors (excluding those who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members): 1 year Board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members: 2 years
Chairperson of the Board of Directors	President
Number of board directors	8
Appointment of outside board director	Appointed
Number of outside board directors	6
Number of outside board directors designated as independent officer	6

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

### Relationship with the Company (1)

Name	Association	Relationship with the Company*											
		a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	
Kuniyoshi Mabuchi	From another company												
Kanae Takeuchi	From another company												
Naoto Oohitsu	From another company								△				
Eriko Tanabe	From another company												
Misae Maruyama	Certified public accountant												
Tomohiro Takagi	Attorney												

\*Choices regarding relationship with the Company.

- a. An executive of a listed company or its subsidiary
- b. An executive or a non-executive director of the parent company of a listed company
- c. An executive of a sister company of a listed company
- d. An individual whose major business client is a listed company or an executive of such individual
- e. A major business client of a listed company or an executive of such business client
- f. A consultant, accounting specialist, or legal professional who receives a substantial amount of money or assets in addition to the customary remuneration from a listed company
- g. A major shareholder of a listed company (In the case that such major shareholder is a corporation, an executive thereof)
- h. An executive of a business client (that does not fall under any of (d), (e), or (f)) of a listed company [This applies to the individual only.]
- i. An executive of a company whose outside officers are mutually assigned [This applies to the individual only.]
- j. An executive of a company to which a listed company donates products, services, or money (This applies to the individual only.)
- k. Other

### Relationship with the Company (2)

Name	Audit & Supervisory Committee member	Independent director	Supplementary information	Reason for appointment
Kuniyoshi Mabuchi		○		Mr. Kuniyoshi Mabuchi promotes the reinforcement of the corporate governance system based on his

				<p>extensive management experience and profound insight as the manager of multiple business corporations, including global companies. He also has extensive experience and a high level of knowledge in the latest technologies, such as digital marketing and AI. In addition to oversight and supervisory functions as outside board director, we expect him continue leveraging his extensive experience in corporate management to provide advice and recommendations on ensuring transparency of the management system and in the areas of marketing and technology.</p> <p>Mr. Mabuchi has been designated as an independent officer of dip since there is no risk of a conflict of interest with general shareholders as he meets the Tokyo Stock Exchange's criteria for</p>
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## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

				independence.
Kanae Takeuchi		○		<p>Ms. Kanae Takeuchi has a high level of knowledge in a broad range of social issues, including the advancement of women in the workplace, through her extensive experience as a broadcaster for news programs and interviewer of corporate executives. She contributes to active discussions at Board meetings by pointing out issues and providing recommendations on compliance and risk management from an objective standpoint fostered by her extensive experience. In addition to oversight and supervisory functions as an outside board director, we expect her to continue leveraging her extensive insight in social issues to provide valuable advice on social issues that dip strives to tackle, as well as advice and recommendations for</p>

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

				<p>reinforcing compliance and risk management.</p> <p>Ms. Takeuchi has been designated as an independent officer of dip since there is no risk of a conflict of interest with general shareholders as she meets the Tokyo Stock Exchange's criteria for independence.</p>
Naoto Oohitsu		○	<p>The individual previously worked for Mizuho Bank, Ltd., a financial institution with which the Company conducts business. However, he resigned from the bank as of the end of March 2025 and is no longer in a position to be influenced by its interests. Furthermore, the Company has no outstanding borrowings from Mizuho Bank and maintains business relationships with multiple other financial institutions.</p>	<p>Mr. Naoto Oohitsu has previously worked in corporate affairs at Mizuho Bank, Ltd., engaged in the front lines of support in funding, business planning, and financial strategy for tech companies and other startups and growing companies. In addition to a wealth of experience in sales, accounting, and finance, Oohitsu also has extensive knowledge of business models and business strategy using technology. At board meetings, Oohitsu contributes to stimulating discussion by offering advice on</p>

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

			<p>Therefore, we have determined that the Company's management is not subject to any undue influence, and that there is no risk of a conflict of interest with general shareholders. Based on these considerations, we have designated him as an independent director.</p>	<p>accounting and financial matters from an objective perspective grounded in specialized expertise, as well as by making proposals aimed at maximizing shareholder value through long-term growth strategies and capital policies. In addition to oversight and supervisory functions as an Outside Board Director, Oohitsu is also expected to continuously utilize with abundant experience related to accounting and finance, to provide effective advice and proposals related to developing the strategy for the Company's long-term growth strategy, as well as advice and proposals aimed at strengthening governance from a sustainability perspective.</p>
Eriko Tanabe	○	○		<p>Having engaged in numerous projects centering on the IT field at TEMPSTAFF CO., LTD. (now PERSOL</p>

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

				<p>TEMPSTAFF CO., LTD.), including the construction of websites and online systems provided by said company, Ms. Eriko Tanabe has extensive experience in business and risk management. Since May 2019, she has, as an outside board director of dip, provided advice and recommendations and exercised oversight and supervisory functions on technology, risk management, and corporate management in general, including the advancement of women in the workplace. Participates in the Executive Officers Meeting/Strategy Promotion Meeting, Sustainability Promotion Meeting/Human Rights Awareness Promotion Meeting/Compliance Promotion Meeting, and provides advice from the perspective of technology and risk management, etc. We expect her to</p>
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## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

				<p>continue leveraging the broad insight gained through her past experience and roles in the supervision of dip's business management to strengthen the decision-making functions of the Board of Directors and audit and supervisory functions from an independent standpoint.</p> <p>Ms. Tanabe has been designated as an independent officer of dip since there is no risk of a conflict of interest with general shareholders as she meets the Tokyo Stock Exchange's criteria for independence.</p>
Misae Maruyama	○	○		<p>As a certified public accountant, Ms. Misae Maruyama maintains a fair and unbiased attitude at all times and possesses a high level of expertise and practical experience. She also has a deep knowledge of corporate finance, accounting, and tax affairs through her experience serving as</p>

				<p>an outside auditor of other companies.</p> <p>Participates in the Executive Officers Meeting/Strategy Promotion Meeting, Sustainability Promotion Meeting/Human Rights Awareness Promotion Meeting/Compliance Promotion Meeting, and provides advice from the perspective of Finance and Accounting and risk management, etc.</p> <p>We expect her to leverage the broad insight gained through her past experience and roles in the supervision of dip's business management to strengthen the decision-making functions of the Board of Directors and audit and supervisory functions.</p> <p>Ms. Maruyama has been designated as an independent officer of dip since there is no risk of a conflict of interest with general shareholders as she meets the Tokyo Stock Exchange's criteria for</p>
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## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

				independence.
Tomohiro Takagi	○	○		<p>Mr. Tomohiro Takagi has a wealth of experience and extensive knowledge in corporate legal affairs and risk management, his areas of expertise as a lawyer. Takagi is expected to utilize the broad range of knowledge developed through this experience to supervise the management of the Company, while also strengthening the decision-making function of the Board of Directors, and audit and supervisory functions. The Company has judged that Takagi is appropriately qualified for our aim of continuing to sustainably increase corporate value and has therefore made this nomination as a candidate for Outside Board Director who is an Audit and Supervisory Committee Member. While Takagi has never been directly involved in the management of a company, we judge that</p>

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

				Takagi will appropriately fulfill the duties of the post as an Outside Board Director who is an Audit and Supervisory Committee Member due to his achievements as an outside auditor of another company in addition to the reasons mentioned above.
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[Audit & Supervisory Committee]

Composition of Committee Members and Attribute of Chairperson

	No. of committee members	No. of full-time committee members	No. of internal board directors	No. of outside board directors	Chairperson
Audit & Supervisory Committee	4	1	1	3	Internal and External Directors

Existence of a board director and employee to support the duties of the Audit & Supervisory Committee	Yes
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Matter Concerning the Independence of Said Board Directors and Employees from Executive Directors

<p>dip assigns personnel to support the execution of duties of the Audit &amp; Supervisory Committee at the Committee's request or instruction. In such cases, the impartiality of such personnel will be retained so that they will not be subject to instructions or orders from anyone other than Audit &amp; Supervisory Committee members and to ensure the effectiveness of the instructions. The consent of the Audit &amp; Supervisory Committee must be obtained when conducting personnel changes or evaluations of such personnel.</p>
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Cooperation among the Audit & Supervisory Committee, Accounting Auditor and Internal Audit Section

<p>The Audit &amp; Supervisory Committee holds meetings with the accounting auditor or the Internal Audit and Control Office on a timely basis to exchange opinions and share information as well as request a report from the accounting auditor or the Internal Audit and Control Office as needed. During the process of and</p>
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## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

after the completion of audit by the accounting auditor, the Audit & Supervisory Committee receives a report on the findings of the audit.

[Voluntary Committee]

Existence of voluntary committee equivalent to a nominating committee or compensation committee	Yes
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Establishment of Voluntary Committee, Composition of Committee Members and Attributes of Chairperson

Voluntary committee equivalent to nominating committee

Name of committee			Nomination and Compensation Committee			
No. of committee members	No. of full-time committee members	No. of internal board directors	No. of outside board directors	No. of internal experts	No. of other persons	Chairperson
7	0	1	6	0	0	Outside board director

Voluntary committee equivalent to compensation committee

Name of committee			Nomination and Compensation Committee			
No. of committee members	No. of full-time committee members	No. of internal board directors	No. of outside board directors	No. of internal experts	No. of other persons	Chairperson
7	0	1	6	0	0	Outside board director

Supplementary Information

Entrusted by the Board of Directors, the Nomination and Compensation Committee determines individual director compensation (excluding that for board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members) and also deliberates and reports on matters related to director nominations and compensation in response to inquiries from the Board of Directors. The Committee is composed of the Representative Director, President and CEO and independent outside board directors, who shall

account for the majority of the members. The Committee members as of May 21, 2026, are Hideki Tomita, Representative Director, President and CEO; Kuniyoshi Mabuchi, Kanae Takeuchi, and Naoto Oohitsu, Independent Outside Directors; and Eriko Tanabe, Misae Maruyama and Tomohiro Takagi Independent Outside Director Audit & Supervisory Committee Members. An independent outside board director is to serve as chairperson.

Attendance at Nomination and Compensation Committee meetings during the fiscal year ended February 2025 is as follows:

	No. of meetings attended	Attendance rate	
Hideki Tomita	3 out of 3	100%	(Attendance at Nomination and Compensation Committee meetings during the fiscal year ended February 2025)
Kuniyoshi Mabuchi	3 out of 3	100%	
Kanae Takeuchi	3 out of 3	100%	
Yuka Shimada	2 out of 2	100%	
Naoto Oohitsu	1 out of 1	100%	
Eriko Tanabe	3 out of 3	100%	
Yukiko Imazu	2 out of 2	100%	
Misae Maruyama	3 out of 3	100%	
Tomohiro Takagi	1 out of 1	100%	

\*Ms. Yuka Shimada, Outside Director and Ms. Yukiko Imazu, Outside Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member have resigned upon the conclusion of the 28th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on May 22, 2025, due to the expiration of their terms of office; therefore, the attendance records shown here reflect their attendance prior to resignation.

\*Mr. Naoto Oohitsu, Outside Director and Mr. Tomohiro Takagi, Outside Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member, were newly elected at the 28th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on May 22, 2025, and assumed their positions as of that date; therefore, the attendance records shown here reflect their attendance since assuming office.

[Independent Officers]

Number of independent officers	6
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Other Matters related to Independent Officers

dip and its subsidiaries (the “Group”) have established the Standards on Independence of Outside Board Directors as outlined below. If an outside board director does not fall under any of the following, such outside board director is deemed to be independent of the Group and to have no risk of a conflict of interest with general shareholders.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

1. An executive (as stipulated in Item 6, paragraph 3, Article 2 of the Regulation for Enforcement of the Companies Act. Includes not only executive directors but also employees. Does not include auditors.) of the Group or an individual who was an executive of the Group within the past 10 years (for individuals who were a non-executive director (a board director who does not correspond to an executive director) or corporate auditor of the Group at any point of time within the past 10 years, 10 years prior to the appointment of such post)
2. A major shareholder of the Group (an individual who holds 10% or more of total voting rights at the end of the previous fiscal year), or an executive thereof
3. An individual whose major business client\* is the Group or an executive of such individual
4. A major business client\* of the Group or an executive of such business client
5. An accounting auditor of the Group or an individual in charge of the Company's audit operations as an employee of the accounting auditor
6. A consultant, accounting specialist, or legal professional who receives money of more than 10 million yen per year or other assets in addition to the customary remuneration from the Group; provided, however, that in the case that the individual receiving such assets is an organization such as a corporation or a union, this shall be limited to an individual who is an executive of an organization whose assets received from the Group account for more than 2% of annual income.
7. An individual who fell under any of 2 to 6 above in the past three years
8. A relation within the second degree of an individual listed in any of 1 to 7 above (limited, however, to a significant individual)
9. An individual whose term in office as an outside officer (an outside board director or an outside corporate auditor) within the Group exceeds eight years
10. In addition to those stated in the above items, an individual with a special reason that prevents him or her from fulfilling the duties as an independent outside board director, such as a risk of a conflict of interest with the Group

\*A major business client refers to a client whose transaction amount in the most recent fiscal year accounted for more than 2% of consolidated net sales for the year.

In addition to the above criteria, outside board directors are required to possess extensive knowledge and experience necessary for auditing and supervising the status of Group directors' compliance with laws and business management.

[Incentives]

Implementation of measures on incentive provision to board directors	Adoption of performance-linked compensation plan
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Supplementary Information

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

dip has established a BIP (Board Incentive Plan) trust for executive directors as a performance-linked compensation. It also offers restricted stock to executive directors.

Decisions regarding the levels of performance-linked compensation, and its percentage relative to base compensation, are taken after a comprehensive review of the medium/long-term ratio of performance-linked compensation to annual compensation and the difficulty of achieving performance targets, after conducting an objective benchmark comparison that takes into account the scale of dip's business, and utilizing a remuneration database aggregated and analyzed by a specialist external institution.

The BIP trust adopts net sales and operating income, which are dip's key managerial indicators, at a 1:1 ratio as performance indicators. The number of shares granted ranges between 0% and 150% based on the achievement of performance targets.

We have established a Malus clause, which cancels the right of an eligible director to receive said performance-linked, share-based compensation in the event of a serious violation of duties or internal regulations during the term of office of the director. In addition, a clawback clause has been established, enabling the Company to demand the return of said share-based compensation if the fact of said violation is discovered after the compensation has been provided.

The restricted stock compensation adopts net sales and operating income, which are dip's key managerial indicators, as performance indicators. The restrictions will be lifted in accordance with the achievement of performance targets, which will be disclosed in the financial results report for the fiscal year ending February 28, 2027.

A clawback clause has been established, enabling the Company to demand the return of said restricted stock compensation in the event of a serious violation of duties or internal regulations during the term of office of the eligible director.

### Grantees of stock options

Employees

#### Supplementary Information

dip issues stock options to its employees with the aim of further bolstering employees' morale and motivation to contribute to long-term improvement in corporate value.

#### [Directors' Compensation]

### Disclosure status

Individual compensation for only some of the board directors is disclosed.

#### Supplementary Information

The compensation of those whose total amount of compensation, etc. is 100 million yen or more is individually disclosed in the Securities Report. Securities Reports and Business Reports are available for public inspection on dip's corporate website (available in Japanese only).

Existence of a policy for determining the amount or calculation of compensation	Yes
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Disclosure of Policy for Determining the Amount or Calculation of Compensation **[Update]**

<p>(1) Basic policy</p> <p>The basic policy of the compensation system for dip’s management and board directors, which excludes that for outside board directors and Audit &amp; Supervisory Committee members who are expected to perform oversight and supervisory functions with impartiality, is to share value with shareholders, taking into consideration a sufficient level for employing and retaining competent personnel while maintaining objectivity and transparency that enable full accountability, and promote continuous growth of the Company and as well as a medium/long-term increase in its corporate value through a sound entrepreneurial spirit.</p> <p>The policy for determining the amount of compensation for individual board directors is set forth under the above basic policy. The outline is as described below. Said determination policy is decided by resolution of the Board of Directors based on a report by the Nomination and Compensation Committee, an advisory body to the Board of Directors chaired by an independent outside board director and consisting of independent outside board directors in the majority.</p> <p>The Board of Directors has confirmed that the method of determining compensation details, and the details of the compensation, resolved for each individual director for the fiscal year under review are consistent with such decision-making policy.</p> <p>&lt;Executive directors&gt;</p> <p>The compensation system for executive directors consists of cash compensation as the base compensation and performance-linked compensation aimed at emphasizing the link with dip’s share value and bolstering executive directors’ awareness toward contributing to medium/long-term performance and corporate value improvement.</p> <p>The base compensation is determined by multiplying the base amount of the compensation of the representative director, President and CEO by a coefficient for each managerial position as prescribed by internal rules.</p> <p>&lt;Outside board directors and Audit &amp; Supervisory Committee members&gt;</p> <p>In principle, compensation for outside board directors and Audit &amp; Supervisory Committee members consists solely of cash compensation as the base compensation to ensure the effectiveness and impartiality of supervision and audit.</p> <p>&lt;Policy for each managerial position&gt;</p>
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Compensation for the different managerial positions is derived by multiplying the base amount, which is the base compensation for the Representative Director, President and CEO, by a coefficient for each managerial position prescribed by internal rules. The Board of Directors entrusts the determination of the base amount and the coefficient for each managerial position to the Nomination and Compensation Committee.

(Executive Compensation Structure)

Executive Classification	Total amount of compensation by type		
	Fixed compensation	Performance based compensation	
	Cash compensation	Stock based compensation	
	Base compensation	Short-term incentives (Executive BIP Trust)	Medium to long term incentives (Restricted stock compensation)
Executive Director	○	○	○
Non-Executive Director	○	—	—

(2) Policy concerning performance-linked compensation (non-cash compensation) and its percentage relative to base compensation

dip has established a BIP (Board Incentive Plan) trust and offers restricted stock to executive directors as a performance-linked compensation.

Decisions regarding the levels of performance-linked compensation, and its percentage relative to base compensation, are taken after a comprehensive review of the medium/long-term ratio of performance-linked compensation to annual compensation and the difficulty of achieving performance targets, after conducting an objective benchmark comparison that takes into account the scale of dip's business, and utilizing a remuneration database aggregated and analyzed by a specialist external institution.

The BIP trust adopts net sales and operating income, which are dip's key managerial indicators, at a 1:1 ratio as performance indicators. The number of shares granted ranges between 0% and 150% based on the achievement of performance targets.

The restricted stock compensation adopts net sales and operating income, which are dip's key managerial indicators, as performance indicators. The restrictions will be lifted in accordance with the achievement of performance targets, which will be disclosed in the financial results report for the fiscal

year ending February 28, 2027.

(Target and actual performance for the fiscal year under review)

The target and actual net sales and operating income used for calculating performance-linked compensation (BIP trust) are as follows:

Indicator	Target	Actual
Net sales (million yen)	61,351	54,852
Operating income (million yen)	12,453	9,112

(3) Policy concerning the timing and conditions for granting compensation

• Timing of granting compensation

Type of compensation	Timing
Base compensation	Annual salary (monthly payment)
Performance-linked compensation	BIP trust
	Restricted stock compensation
	At retirement
	When restrictions have been lifted

• Conditions for compensation

(BIP trust)

Regarding the BIP trust, eligible directors who have satisfied the prescribed requirements are granted 50% of the dip shares that correspond to their stock delivery points and cash equivalent to the amount converted to cash within the trust for the remaining 50% of dip shares as said performance-linked share-based compensation.

We have established a Malus clause, which cancels the right of an eligible director to receive said performance-linked, share-based compensation in the event of a serious violation of duties or internal regulations during the term of office of the director. In addition, a clawback clause has been established, enabling the Company to demand the return of said share-based compensation if the fact of said violation is discovered after the compensation has been provided.

(Restricted stock compensation)

Enrollment conditions and performance-linked conditions are imposed on restricted stock compensation until the lifting of restrictions.

A claw back clause has been established, enabling the Company to demand the return of said restricted stock compensation in the event of a serious violation of duties or internal regulations during the term of office of the eligible director.

#### (4) Matters concerning the delegation of the determination of compensation

- Determination of customary remuneration for officers

dip's policy for officers' customary remuneration is determined by its Board of Directors in view of a report by the Nomination and Compensation Committee.

- Determination of the base compensation amount

From the perspective of improving objectivity and transparency, the base compensation is determined by the Nomination and Compensation Committee, which is entrusted by dip's Board of Directors, within the limit of compensation established by resolution of the general meeting of shareholders, taking into consideration the officer's managerial position (including the coefficient prescribed by internal rules), responsibilities, and contribution to business performance. The constituents of the Committee are Hideki Tomita, Representative Director, President and CEO; Kuniyoshi Mabuchi, Kanae Takeuchi, and Naoto Oohitsu, Independent Outside Directors; and Eriko Tanabe, Misae Maruyama and Tomohiro Takagi Independent Outside Director Audit & Supervisory Committee Members.

- Determination of performance-linked compensation

The BIP trust is determined separately from the base compensation by resolution of the Board of Directors within the limit of resolution of the general meeting of shareholders.

The restricted stock compensation is determined separately from the base compensation by resolution of the Board of Directors within the limit of resolution of the general meeting of shareholders.

#### (5) Procedures of the Nomination and Compensation Committee

Entrusted by the Board of Directors, the voluntary Nomination and Compensation Committee determines individual director compensation (base amount and coefficients determined for each position) and also deliberates and reports on matters related to director nominations and compensation in response to inquiries from the Board of Directors. The Committee comprises the representative director, president and CEO and independent outside board directors, who must account for a majority.

#### [Support System for Outside Board Directors]

The secretariat of the Board of Directors is in charge of supporting outside board directors. If briefings to outside board directors are required before meetings of the Board of Directors, the necessary information is communicated by the secretariat of the Board of Directors. A system has also been established to enable outside board directors to gather information using an internal communication tool.

#### [Status of Individuals that Have Retired from Positions such as President]

Information including the names of counselors, advisors, etc. who previously held positions such as

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

president

Name	Title and Position	Description of Position	Form and Conditions of Employment (Full-Time or Part-Time, Paid or Unpaid, etc.)	Date of Retirement as President, etc.	Term
—	—	—	—	—	—

Total number of counselors, advisors, etc. who previously held positions such as president	0
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Other Matters

dip has not appointed a counselor presently. It commissions a former board director or corporate auditor as counselor through the required internal procedures if the Board of Directors finds it particularly necessary for business. The counselor provides advice for and implements the matters necessary for managing the Company as commissioned by the Board of Directors. Commissioning a counselor requires a resolution of the Board of Directors. The term of office is one year.

### 2. Matters related to Functions of Execution of Business, Audit and Supervision, Appointment and Decisions regarding Compensation, etc. (Outline of the Current Corporate Governance System)

**[Update]**

dip has transitioned from a company with an Audit & Supervisory Board to a company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee with the resolution at the 26th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on May 24, 2023. Its aim is to strengthen the auditing and supervision of executive directors and further enhance its system of corporate governance by making Audit & Supervisory Committee members, who are responsible for auditing the execution of duties by board directors, members of the Board of Directors.

(1) Board of Directors

The Board of Directors, which is the management decision-making organ, consists of eight directors who possess a high degree of expertise and broad knowledge based on extensive experience. Board meetings are held on a monthly basis, in principle, and extraordinary Board meetings are held when needed to discuss and decide important management matters. Furthermore, based on the basic policy of having approximately two-thirds of the Board of Directors be independent outside directors and aiming for half of the directors to be female, six of the eight directors are outside directors. By having outside directors who are independent of the management team and controlling shareholders account

for approximately two-thirds of the Board of Directors, we seek to strengthen its supervisory function over management.

Chairperson: Hideki Tomita, Representative Director, President and CEO

Board members: Outside Directors; Kuniyoshi Mabuchi, Kanae Takeuchi, and Naoto Oohitsu, Director, Full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Member; Kazuhisa Iwata, Outside Director Audit & Supervisory Committee Members; Eriko Tanabe, Misae Maruyama and Tomohiro Takagi

### (2) Audit & Supervisory Committee

The Audit & Supervisory Committee consists of four members with a high level of expertise and a wide range of knowledge, three of whom are Outside Directors in addition to their roles on the Audit & Supervisory Committee. Committee meetings are held on a monthly basis, in principle, and extraordinary Committee meetings are held when needed. The Audit & Supervisory Committee discusses matters stipulated by law and the Articles of Incorporation and conducts significant audit operations in accordance with the audit policy set forth by the Committee. It also strives to enhance the system for audit and supervision, Board directors who are Audit & Supervisory Committee members attend important meetings, such as Board meetings, to audit the legality and supervise the adequacy of board directors' execution of duties.

Chairperson: Kazuhisa Iwata, Director and Full-time Audit & Supervisory Committee Board Member

Committee members: Eriko Tanabe and Misae Maruyama and Tomohiro Takagi, Outside Director Audit & Supervisory Committee Members

### (3) Voluntary Nomination and Compensation Committee

The Nomination and Compensation Committee, a voluntary advisory body to the Board of Directors, deliberates and reports on matters related to director nominations and compensation in response to inquiries from the Board of Directors.

The Committee comprises the representative director, president and CEO and independent outside board directors. The latter must account for a majority of the Committee members, and the Committee must be chaired by an independent outside board director.

Chairperson: Kuniyoshi Mabuchi, Independent Outside Director

Committee members: Hideki Tomita, Representative Director, President and CEO; Kanae Takeuchi and Naoto Oohitsu, Independent Outside Directors; and Eriko Tanabe, Misae Maruyama and Tomohiro Takagi, Independent Outside Director Audit & Supervisory Committee Members

(4) Accounting auditor

- Name of audit firm: KPMG AZSA LLC
- Consecutive periods of auditing: 16 years
- Names of certified public accountants involved in auditing:  
     Akira Nishino, Partner  
     Nobuyuki Ishii, Partner

**3. Reason for Selecting the Current Corporate Governance System**

dip has selected the system of a company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee to strengthen the auditing and supervision of executive directors and further enhance its system of corporate governance by making Audit & Supervisory Committee members, who are responsible for auditing the execution of duties by board directors, members of the Board of Directors.

**III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders**

**1. Measures to Vitalize General Meetings of Shareholders and Facilitate the Exercise of Voting Rights**

	Supplementary information
Early delivery of notice of convocation of general meeting of shareholders	dip sends out notices of convocation of its general meeting of shareholders at least 22 days prior to the date of the meeting to ensure that shareholders have sufficient time to examine the agendas of the meeting, while simultaneously making efforts to guarantee the accuracy of the information. It discloses the contents of the notice of convocation on TDnet and the Company's corporate website.
Setting the date to avoid conflict with other shareholders' meetings	dip sets the date of its general meetings of shareholders to avoid conflict with other shareholders' meetings.
Exercise of voting rights by electronic means	dip uses the electronic voting system operated by Mitsubishi UFJ Trust and Banking.
Participation in electronic voting platforms and other initiatives to improve institutional investors' voting	dip participates in electronic voting platforms to facilitate the exercise of voting rights by institutional investors and overseas investors.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

environment	
Provision of notice of convocation (summary) in English	dip discloses a summary convocation notice in English on TDnet and the Company's corporate website at least 22 days prior to the date of the meeting, simultaneously with the Japanese version.

### 2. Investor Relations (IR) Activities **[Update]**

	Supplementary information	Explanation by the representative of dip
Creation and announcement of disclosure policy	dip has created an IR policy in order to engage in constructive dialogue with its shareholders. Details of the policy are posted on the Company's corporate website. <a href="https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/ir/attention/disclosure">https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/ir/attention/disclosure</a>	
Holding regular meetings for analysts and institutional investors	dip holds results presentations for analysts and institutional investors on a quarterly basis on the day of the results announcement.	Yes
Disclosure of IR materials on website	dip has set up a page dedicated to IR on its corporate website where the latest and past timely disclosure materials, such as financial results, and materials related to results announcements (presentation materials, fact sheets, etc.) can be found. <a href="https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/ir">https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/ir</a> English versions of the timely disclosure materials and materials related to results announcements are also disclosed simultaneously with the Japanese versions. <a href="https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/ir">https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/ir</a>	
Establishment of IR department (officer)	dip has established the Corporate Communication Division, Corporate Management Group as the department in charge of IR.	

### 3. Status of Initiatives to Respect the Standpoint of Stakeholders

	Supplementary information
Internal regulations	dip's brand statement, "One to One Satisfaction," also serves as a guideline for

for respecting the standpoint of stakeholders	the Company to satisfy all of its stakeholders. dip declares this brand statement on its corporate website, etc.
Promotion of environmental conservation activities and CSR activities	<p>Based on its corporate philosophy, “Here at dip, we want to tap into dreams, ideas and passion to create a better society,” dip has established an environmental policy as a guideline to reduce the environmental impact of its business activities and to fulfill its responsibilities toward the realization of a sustainable society.</p> <p>&lt;Environmental Policy&gt;</p> <p><a href="https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/esg/environment/E003">https://www.dip-net.co.jp/en/esg/environment/E003</a></p>

**IV. Matters concerning the Internal Control System**

**1. Basic Concept and Status of the Internal Control System 【Update】**

<p>1. Ensuring Director and Employee Compliance with Laws, Regulations and Articles of Incorporation</p> <p>(1) dip has established a Basic Policy on Compliance and takes steps to instill the policy among all board directors and employees to ensure that their execution of duties complies with laws, regulations and the Articles of Incorporation and to enable them to execute their duties while respecting social responsibilities and corporate ethics.</p> <p>(2) dip aims to have independent outside board directors account for approximately two-thirds of its Board of Directors to strengthen oversight functions concerning the fairness of execution of duties.</p> <p>(3) The Compliance Section, Governance Promotion Department, Corporate Management Group is responsible for compliance and the maintenance and improvement of the compliance system. Specifically, it offers regular training programs as well as creating and distributing manuals to board directors and employees in order to improve knowledge and awareness related to compliance.</p> <p>(4) dip has developed a whistle-blowing system for employees with the aim of detecting violations of laws and the Articles of Incorporation quickly and redressing them.</p> <p>(5) dip rejects all relationships with anti-social forces. To ensure this, it designates the Work Design Promotion Office, Personnel &amp; General Affairs Group as the section responsible for responding to anti-social forces and establishing rules for responses. It is also prepared to respond resolutely to emergencies by cooperating with specialized external agencies such as the police.</p> <p>(6) The Audit &amp; Supervisory Committee members and the Internal Audit Office work in conjunction with each other to audit and supervise the status of the compliance system on a regular basis and report to the Board of Directors.</p> <p>2. Retention and Management of Information Regarding the Execution of Duties by Board Directors</p> <p>Information regarding the execution of duties by board directors shall be appropriately and surely</p>
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retained and managed over a prescribed period of time and also made searchable and viewable in accordance with the Document Management Rules and other internal rules.

### 3. Rules and Other Systems for Risk Management

dip establishes a system for business risk management based on internal rules. In the event of a critical situation in business activities, dip sets up a task force under the CEO's command to make swift and accurate responses as well as a system to minimize loss or damage. Against risks related to the handling of personal information, in particular, dip has set up a department and manager responsible for information management, who carry out trainings of employees and internal audits on a regular basis as well as maintaining and improving the management system based on the Privacy Mark and Information Security Management System (ISMS) certifications dip has already acquired.

### 4. Ensuring Efficiency in the Execution of Duties by Board Directors

The CEO, CIO, CTO, CHO, CFO and heads of groups conduct careful and flexible decision-making according to the decision-making authority stipulated in internal rules. In addition, dip ensures efficient decision-making by the Board of Directors, the CEO, CIO, CTO, CHO, CFO and Managing Corporate Officers by deliberating matters at Corporate Officers Meetings to identify managerial issues at an early stage.

Efficient and swift business execution is pursued through the introduction of a corporate officer system and a group system and in accordance with the Organization Regulations and Rules on the Division of Duties and Authority.

### 5. Ensuring Appropriate Operations of the Corporate Group Consisting of the Company and its Subsidiaries

(1) The Group emphasizes the importance of the Basic Policy on Compliance stipulated by dip to all employees in order to establish a compliance system for the entire Group.

(2) dip dispatches board directors or corporate auditors to subsidiaries, who will audit and supervise the execution of duties by board directors at the subsidiaries.

(3) Prior reporting to the Board of Directors and the approval thereof are required when carrying out transactions with Group companies. Upon approving said transactions, they are compared with general business conditions to prevent the deliberations at Board meetings from being arbitrary and the transactions from being disadvantageous to dip. Experts are consulted as needed.

(4) The Internal Audit Office conducts internal audits of subsidiaries to ensure the propriety of their overall operations.

(5) dip and its subsidiaries hold regular meetings to share important information on the Group's overall corporate management. dip approves or receives reports on important business executions at the subsidiaries in accordance with rules on subsidiary management.

### 6. Ensuring the Reliability of Financial Reporting

In order to ensure the propriety of the Group's financial reporting, the Group establishes an internal control system for valid and appropriate submission of internal control reports in accordance with the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act. It also continuously evaluates whether the system functions properly and makes amendments as needed.

### 7. Matters Concerning Cases in Which the Audit & Supervisory Committee Requests That Directors and Employees be Appointed to Assist with Their Duties, Matters Concerning the Independence of These Directors and Employees from Other Directors, and Measures to Ensure the Effectiveness of Instructions to These Directors and Employees

dip assigns personnel to support the execution of duties of the Audit & Supervisory Committee at the Committee's request or instruction. In such cases, the impartiality of such personnel will be retained so that they will not be subject to instructions or orders from anyone other than Audit & Supervisory Committee members and to ensure the effectiveness of the auditors' instructions. The consent of the Audit & Supervisory Committee is obtained when conducting personnel changes or evaluations of such personnel.

### 8. Systems Designed to Enable Directors (Excludes directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee) and Employees to Report to the Audit & Supervisory Committee and Other Systems Concerning the Reporting to the Audit & Supervisory Committee

In the event of the emergence of a fact that causes substantial damage to the Group or a risk thereof, or an occurrence of a situation that significantly discredits the Group, a material defect or problem concerning the system or procedures of internal control, a violation of law or other illegal act, or a material unjust act, the board directors and employees of the Group immediately report to the Audit & Supervisory Committee in writing or orally. Furthermore, Audit & Supervisory Committee members are allowed to inspect the minutes and proceedings documents of various meetings such as the Corporate Officers Meeting and request reports from the Group's board directors and employees.

The Governance Promotion Department, Corporate Management Group is in charge of the whistleblowing system, reports to the Audit & Supervisory Committee on the status of whistleblowing within the Group on a regular basis.

### 9. Ensuring the Prevention of Unfavorable Treatment of Informants of the Preceding Paragraph Due to Reporting

dip stipulates in regulations and responds appropriately so that the Group's board directors and

employees will not be treated unfavorably due to making a report of the nature described in the preceding paragraph to the Audit & Supervisory Committee.

10. Matters concerning Policies on the Handling of Expenses or Debts Resulting from the Execution of Duties by Audit & Supervisory Committee Members, including Procedures for Advance Payment or Indemnification of Expenses

When an Audit & Supervisory Committee member requests dip indemnification of expenses resulting from the execution of his/her duties pursuant to Article 399-2, paragraph (4) of the Companies Act, dip responds to such request except in cases where it proves that such request is not necessary for the execution of the duties of such Audit & Supervisory Committee member.

11. Ensuring Effective Auditing by the Audit & Supervisory Committee

(1) Audit & Supervisory Committee meetings are held at least once a month.

(2) In addition to scheduled Audit & Supervisory Committee meetings, the Audit & Supervisory Committee members hold meetings as needed.

(3) The Audit & Supervisory Committee meets with the accounting auditor or the Internal Audit and Control Office on a timely basis to exchange opinions and information and request a report from the accounting auditor or the Internal Audit and Control Office as needed.

(4) The Audit & Supervisory Committee receives reports from external experts (lawyers, tax accountants, etc.) on risks facing the Group in meetings with such parties.

## 2. Basic Approach toward the Exclusion of Anti-Social Forces and Establishment of Internal Structures **[Update]**

1. Basic Approach toward the Exclusion of Anti-Social Forces

dip rejects all relationships with anti-social forces and groups that pose a threat to social order and security.

2. Establishment of Internal Structures for the Exclusion of Anti-Social Forces

dip has designated the Work Design Promotion Office, Personnel & General Affairs Group to supervise responses to anti-social forces and appointed a person in charge of preventing undue demands. It has established a network for cooperation with specialized external agencies such as the police and lawyers for its daily information gathering and responding to any incidents that occur. Guidelines for addressing undue demands have already been established but will be appropriately revised according to changes in the environment. At the same time, dip has added clauses for the exclusion of anti-social forces in basic transaction agreements to prevent transactions with anti-social forces in its ordinary business and to immediately stop any unforeseen transaction it discovers.

## V. Others

### 1. Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures

Adoption of anti-takeover measures	No
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Supplementary Information

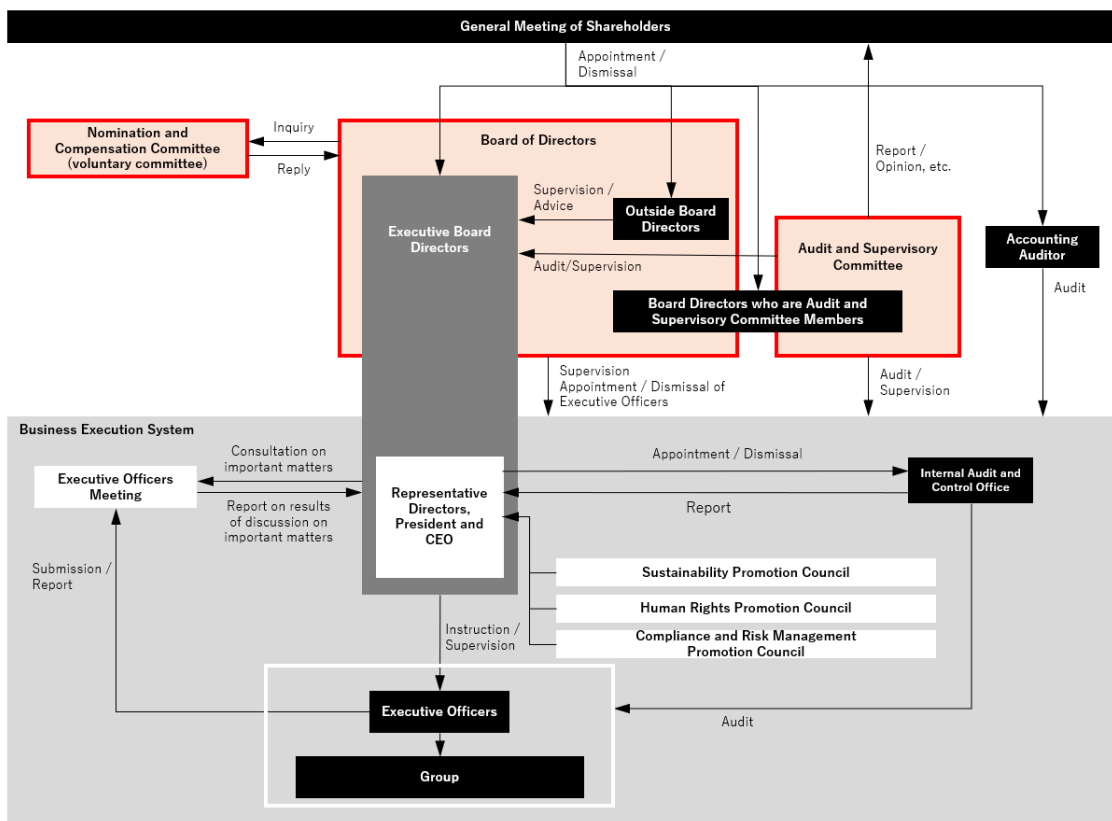
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### 2. Other Matters related to Corporate Governance System, etc. **[Update]**

<p>&lt;System for Information Disclosure&gt;</p> <p>1. Basic Approach to Timely Disclosure</p> <p>dip defines information on its business, operations and results that has a significant impact on securities investment decisions as “material information” and discloses it on a timely basis in compliance with relevant laws and regulations including the Companies Act and the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act as well as the Timely Disclosure Rules of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.</p> <p>Furthermore, dip goes beyond the Timely Disclosure Rules, etc., and will voluntarily and actively disclose information that is deemed to affect stock prices and investment decisions through the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TDnet) and dip’s corporate site.</p> <p>Information disclosed at briefings or individual meetings will be limited to facts disclosed to the public, facts that are in the public domain, facts pertaining to the general business environment and the like. No reference whatsoever will be made to undisclosed "material information".</p> <p>2. System for Timely Disclosure</p> <p>Whenever a decision is made or an event occurs that may be subject to timely disclosure, the department in charge consults in advance with the Corporate Communication Division, Corporate Management Group. The Corporate Communication Division determines whether or not timely disclosure is necessary, and if it is determined that timely disclosure is necessary, prepares the appropriate materials in cooperation with relevant departments such as the Accounting and Finance Division and the Legal Affairs Division before disclosing them following a review by the Information Handling Officer.</p> <p>With regard to results information, the Accounting and Finance Department, Corporate Management Group will take the initiative in preparing disclosure materials, which will be disclosed by the Corporate Communication Division following approval from the Board of Directors and a review by the Information Handling Officer.</p>
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[Flow Chart (Reference Material)]



[Skill Matrix of Board of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Committee (Reference Material)] **[Update]**

Name	Position/ Responsibility	Highly specialized areas of expertise								
		Corporate Management	Human Resource Development/ Promoting DEI	Sales	Service Development	Marketing/ Promotion	Technology	Accounting / Finance	Risk Management	Sustainability/ ESG
Hideki Tomita	Representative Director, President and CEO (Chief Executive Officer)	●	●	●	●	●			●	●
Kuniyoshi Mabuchi	Director	●			●	●	●			
Kanae Takeuchi	Director		●						●	●
Naoto Oohitsu	Director	●		●			●	●		●
Kazuhisa Iwata	Director (Full-Time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)	●	●	●	●				●	
Eriko Tanabe	Director (Audit & Supervisory Committee Member)	●	●				●		●	●
Misae Maruyama	Director (Audit & Supervisory Committee Member)		●					●		●
Tomohiro Takagi	Director (Audit & Supervisory Committee Member)								●	●

\*Mses. Kanae Takeuchi, Eriko Tanabe, and Misae Maruyama are female officers. Ms. Kanae Takeuchi is internationally minded from her many years of living abroad and through her extensive experience as a broadcaster for new programs and interviewer of corporate executives.

\*The chart above is not necessarily a representation of all the relevant experience and expertise held by each officer.

(Note) English documents are prepared as a courtesy to our stakeholders. In the event of any inconsistency between English-language documents and the Japanese-language documents, the Japanese-language documents will prevail.